dabl®Educational Trust

Validation Study Result Form

Please complete Section 1 to Section 3 of this form and return it to dabl®Educational Trust with copies of the validation plots. The requirements for each of these sections are detailed below the respective table.

Study Ref.

Do Not Fill

X

 \boxtimes

Brand FORA

Model D40 a, D40 b, D40 g, D40 pro

Investigator Dauyuan Ding

Signed Jun/13/11

Section 1: Methodology

Familiarisation

A brief description of the familiarisation session should be provided. Any difficulties should be reported.

Several pre-test were performed in house before clinical test started. No problems were encountered.

Recruitment

The population should be outlined and the method of selecting the sample should be described. Difficulties in recruitment should be described and how they were overcome.

Population General Details if "Other"

Procedure

Two observers with an independent supervisor

Observers blinded from each other's readings and from the device readings

The European Society of Hypertension International Protocol revision 2010 for the validation of blood pressure measuring devices in adults was followed precisely.

Enter protocol adjustments, as necessary, when the study population is not general with sex, age and blood pressure distribution stated in detail. These adjustments should be justified, with references where possible. Because children and adolescents have wide range of body size and blood pressure levels, the sample size for a validation study should depend on the study inclusion criteria. Thus, for example, a 33-subject study would be appropriate only if a narrow age range of children is included.

Tel

Fax

Box 313:

Boxes 314-323:

Boxes 324-329:

Recruitment Ranges

Section 2: Results

Note 1: The data from Form 2 – Subject Data for each subject should be analysed so that the results on this form can be completed. All references to boxes 201-289 refer to values obtained from all of the Forms 2 from the relevant subjects.

Table 1: Screening and Recruitment Details

Screening and Recruitment

Total Screened	83 301			mmHg	All	On Rx	
Total Excluded	50 302			< 90	0 314		
Ranges Complete	303			Low	90 – 129	9 315	5 324
Range Adjustmen	27 304		SBP	Medium	130 – 160	12 316	8 325
Arrhythmias	4 305			Uigh	161 – 180	9 317	6
Device Failure	0 306			High	> 180	3 318	326
Poor Quality Sour	nds 0 307						
Cuff Size Unavaila	ble 1 308			Low	< 40	319	7
Observer Disagree	7 309				40 – 79	11 320	327
Distribution	310	DBP Medium	Medium	80 – 100	10 321	9 328	
Other Reasons*			High	101 – 130	12 322	5	
Total Recruited	33 312			> 130	0 323	329	
*Explanation Summary Subjects discontinue							313
x 301: The total numb	er of subjects scre	ened, regardle	ess of wheth	ner or not the	y were include	ed in the stu	
x 302: The total numb	er excluded. This	equals the sum	of Boxes 3	03 to 311			
x 303: The number of	subjects excluded	with Ranges (Complete cir	cled in Box 28	37 (Form 2 for	each exclud	led subject
x 304: The number of	subjects excluded	with Range Ad	djustment c	ircled in Box 2	187.		
ox 305: The number of	The number of subjects excluded with Arrhythmias circled in Box 287.						
ox 306: The number of	The number of subjects excluded with Device Failure circled in Box 287.						
ox 307: The number of	The number of subjects excluded with Poor Quality Sounds circled in Box 287.						
ox 308: The number of	The number of subjects excluded with Cuff Size Availability circled in Box 287.						
ox 309: The number of	The number of subjects excluded with Observer Disagreement circled in Box 287.						
ox 310: The number of	The number of subjects excluded with Distribution circled in Box 287.						
provided in Box							
	uited equals the n t in validations in s				umber exclud	led (Box 30)	2). This sh
212. A	why those court-	I in Day 311		1 (0 200)			

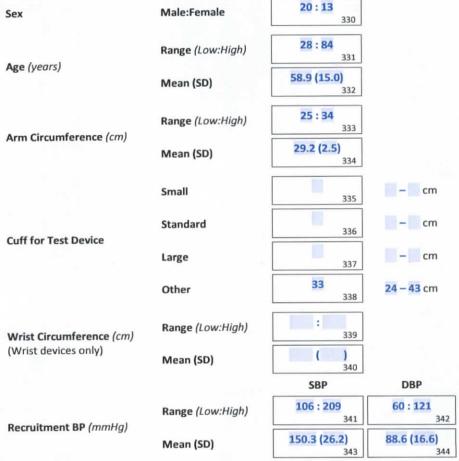
A summary of why those counted in Box 311 were excluded. (Box 288)

(Boxes 219 and 220 - Form 2 for each included subject)

The number of subjects in each range on antihypertensive medication. (Boxes 207, 219 and 220)

In a completed study in a general adult population, the sum of Boxes 314 & 315, Box 316, the sum of Boxes 317 & 318, the sum of Boxes 319 & 320, Box 321 and the sum of Boxes 322 & 323 must each be between 10 and 12. The sum of Boxes 314, 318, 319 & 323 must be at most 4. The sum of Boxes 314 to 318 and the sum of Boxes 319 to 323 must each be exactly 33. Studies in specific populations may have different restrictions and totals.

Table 2: Subject Details



The values in Boxes 314-380 refer only to the final recruited subjects, each of whom contributes SBP and DBP Note 2: measurements for analysis. Excluded subjects are not included in any of this analysis. Enter the number of males, a colon and the number of females. They should total 33 except in validations in Box 330: some specific populations. If the minimum requirements (10 for a general population) are not met, subjects must be replaced as necessary. (Box 206) Enter the age of the youngest subject, a colon and the age of the oldest subject e.g. 31:74. Subjects outside the Box 331: required range (25 and over for a general population) are not permitted. (Box 205) Enter the mean and, in parentheses, the SD of the subject ages. Values should be rounded to one decimal place Box 332: e.g. 52.3 (11.9). (Box 205) Enter the smallest arm circumference, a colon and the largest arm circumference e.g. 24:34. (Box 208) Box 333: Enter the mean and, in parentheses, the SD of the subject arm circumferences. Values should be rounded to Box 334: one decimal place e.g. 29.0 (3.1). (Box 208) If a small cuff was supplied, enter the number of subjects on whom it was used. If it was not supplied, enter an Box 335: "X". Enter the arm sizes for which it is recommended beside it. (Box 209) Enter the number of subjects on whom a standard (or medium) cuff was used. Enter the arm sizes for which it is Box 336: recommended beside it. (Box 209) If a large cuff was supplied, enter the number of subjects on whom it was used. If it was not supplied, enter an Box 337: "X". Enter the arm sizes for which it is recommended beside it. (Box 209) If a different size cuff was supplied, enter the number of subjects in whom it was used. If no such cuff was Box 338: supplied, enter an "X". Enter the arm sizes for which it is recommended beside it. (Box 209) Enter the smallest wrist circumference, a colon and the largest wrist circumference e.g. 15:22. (Applicable only Box 339: for wrist devices) (Box 210) Enter the mean and, in parentheses, the SD of the subject wrist circumferences. Values should be rounded to Box 340: one decimal place e.g. 18.1 (2.3). (Applicable only for wrist devices) (Box 210) Enter the lowest pressure, a colon and the highest pressure from BPA measurements only e.g. 104:180. Boxes 341-342: (Boxes 217 and 218) Enter the mean and, in parentheses, the SD of the subject pressures from BPA measurements only. Values Boxes 343-344: should be rounded to one decimal place e.g. 140.4 (20.3). (Boxes 217 and 218)

Table 3: Distribution

This section analyses the distribution of comparative measurements.

SBP		DBP	
Overall Range (mmHg) Low:High	100 : 201 345	Overall Range (mmHg) Low:High	49 : 122 350
Low (< 130 mmHg)	31 346	Low (< 80 mmHg)	41 351
Medium (130 mmHg – 160 mmHg)	43 347	Medium (80 mmHg – 100 mmHg)	34 352
High (> 160 mmHg)	25 348	High (> 100 mmHg)	24 353
Maximum Difference	18 349	Maximum Difference	17 354

Box 345: Enter the lowest pressure, a colon and the highest SBP from the observer measurements. (Boxes 281, 283 and

285)

Boxes 346-348: The observer measurements (three per subject) for SBP are categorised similarly to the recruitment ranges.

Enter the counts of measurements falling into each range. These must total 99. (Boxes 281, 283 and 285)

Box 349 Subtract the smallest value from Boxes 346 to 348 from the largest one and enter the result.

Box 350: Enter the lowest pressure, a colon and the highest DBP from the observer measurements. (Boxes 282, 284 and

286)

Boxes 351-353: The observer measurements (three per subject) for DBP are categorised similarly to the recruitment ranges.

Enter the counts of measurements falling into each range. These must total 99. (Boxes 282, 284 and 286)

Box 354: Subtract the smallest value from Boxes 351 to 353 from the largest one and enter the result.

Note 3: In order to ensure a uniform distribution, there must be at least 22 measurements and at most 44 measurements (Boxes 346 to 348 and 351 to 353) in each of the low, medium and high ranges and the maximum differences (Boxes 349 and 354) must be at most 19. If not, further recruitment will be necessary. Subjects to be excluded will be those whose pressures drifted from recruitment pressures.

Note 4: The overall SBP range must be from ≤ 100 mmHg to ≥ 170 mmHg and the overall DBP range must be from ≤ 50 mmHg to ≥ 120 mmHg. If not, further recruitment will be necessary. Subjects to be excluded will be the last recruited within the relevant ranges.

Note 5: The minimum number of replacements should take place. If a subject is replaced for either of these reasons, circle Distribution in Box 287 of Form 2 for that subject.

Note 6: In validations carried out in specific populations requiring more than 33 subjects but with similar blood pressure distributions, similar proportions should be used. If the blood pressure distribution in the specific population differs from the standard distribution, ignore this table but comment on the distribution in the discussion.

SBP (mmHg)

4 : 4

DBP (mmHg)

-1 - 1

Repeated

Table 4: Observer Differences

This section is for the differences in pressures between the two observers.

Observer 2 – Observer 1		Range Low:High	355	356	Measurements
Obse	erver 2 – Observer 1	Mean (SD)	0.1 (1.8) 357	0.3 (1.9) 358	359
Boxes 355-356	3:+4. (Boxes 247, 2		oxes 248, 250, 25	2 and 254). If the rar	observers. Include the signs e.g nge is outside -4:+4, then this is a ement, and replaced.
Boxes 357-358		nd, in parentheses, th 0.3 (1.2). (Boxes 247, 24			alues should be rounded to one (52 and 254)

Boxes 359 Enter the number of measurements that were repeated in the included subjects because observers were more than 4 mmHg apart.

Table 5: Validation Results

Part 1		≤ 5 mmHg	≤ 10 mmHg	≤ 15 mmHg	Grade 1	Mean (mmHg)	SD (mmHg)
Pass	Two of	73	87	96			
Requirement	All of	65	81	93			
Achieved	SBP	70 360	93 361	98 362	Pass 363	-1 364	5 365
	DBP	70 366	97 367	99 368	Pass 369	-2 370	4 371
Part 2		2/3 ≤ 5 mm	ıHg 0/	3 ≤ 5 mmHg	Grade 2		Grade 3
Pass Requirement		≥ 24		≤3			
Achieved	SBP	25	372	O 373	Pass 374		Pass 375
	DBP	26	376	2 377	Pass 378		Pass 379
Part 3							Result
							Pass 380

		380
Note 7:	In ord	er for the device to pass, all requirements must be fulfilled. A fail in any part will result in an overall fail.
Box 360:		Enter the number of SBP differences (at most 99) between observer and device measurements falling within 5 mmHg. (The total number of <i>Boxes 273, 275</i> and <i>277</i> circled A in the 33 subjects)
Box 361:		Enter the number of SBP differences (at most 99) between observer and device measurements falling within 10 mmHg. (The total number of <i>Boxes 273, 275</i> and <i>277</i> circled A or B in the 33 subjects)
Box 362:		Enter the number of SBP differences (at most 99) between observer and device measurements falling within 15 mmHg. (The total number of <i>Boxes 273, 275</i> and <i>277</i> circled A, B or C in the 33 subjects)
Box 363:		If Boxes 360, 361 and 362 fulfil the Pass requirements, then this is "Pass"; otherwise, it is "Fail".
Boxes 364	-365:	Enter the mean and standard deviation respectively of the 99 SBP differences between observer and device measurements. (Use data from circled <i>Boxes 261</i> or <i>267</i> , <i>263</i> or <i>269</i> and <i>265</i> or <i>271</i>)
Box 366:		Enter the number of DBP differences (at most 99) between observer and device measurements falling within 5 mmHg. (The total number of <i>Boxes 274</i> , 276 and 278 circled A in the 33 subjects)
Box 367:		Enter the number of DBP differences (at most 99) between observer and device measurements falling within 10 mmHg. (The total number of <i>Boxes 274, 276</i> and <i>278</i> circled A or B in the 33 subjects)
Box 368:		Enter the number of DBP differences (at most 99) between observer and device measurements falling within 15 mmHg. (The total number of <i>Boxes 274, 276</i> and <i>278</i> circled A, B or C in the 33 subjects)
Box 369:		If Boxes 366, 367 and 368 fulfil the Pass requirements, then this is "Pass"; otherwise, it is "Fail".
Boxes 370	-371:	Enter the mean and standard deviation respectively of the 99 DBP differences between observer and device measurements. (Use data from circled <i>Boxes 262</i> or <i>268</i> , <i>264</i> or <i>270</i> and <i>266</i> or <i>272</i>)
Box 372:		Enter the number of subjects (at most 33) with two or three of the absolute differences between observer and device SBP measurements within 5 mmHg. (Box 279 is 2 or 3)
Box 373:		Enter the number of subjects (at most 33) with none of the absolute differences between observer and device SBP measurements within 5 mmHg. (<i>Box 279</i> is 0)
Box 374:		If Boxes 372 and 373 fulfil the Pass requirements, then this is "Pass"; otherwise, it is "Fail".
Box 375:		If Boxes 363 and 374 are both "Pass", then this is "Pass"; otherwise, it is "Fail".
Box 376:		Enter the number of subjects (at most 33) with two or three of the absolute differences between observer and device DBP measurements within 5 mmHg. (Box 280 is 2 or 3)
Box 377:		Enter the number of subjects (at most 33) with none of the absolute differences between observer and device DBP measurements within 5 mmHg. (Box 280 is 0)
Box 378:		If Boxes 376 and 377 fulfil the Pass requirements, then this is "Pass"; otherwise, it is "Fail".
Box 379:		If Boxes 369 and 378 are both "Pass", then this is "Pass"; otherwise, it is "Fail".
Box 380		If Boxes 375 and 379 are both "Pass", then this is "Pass"; otherwise, it is "Fail".
Note 8:		dations carried out in specific populations requiring more than 33 subjects, proportionally equivalent passing a should be used.

Section 3: Closeout

Plots

Include the plots with this document. Confirm that they comply with the requirements

SBP	X-axis:	Range 80 mmHg to 190 mmHg	\boxtimes
		Reference lines at 130 mmHg and 160 mmHg	\boxtimes
	Y-axis:	Range -30 mmHg to 30 mmHg	\boxtimes
		Reference lines every 5 mmHg from -15 mmHg to 15 mmHg	\boxtimes
DBP	X-axis:	Range 30 mmHg to 140 mmHg	\boxtimes
		Reference lines at 80 mmHg and 100 mmHg	\boxtimes
	Y-axis:	Range -30 mmHg to 30 mmHg	\boxtimes
		Reference lines every 5 mmHg from -15 mmHg to 15 mmHg	\boxtimes

Discussion

Recruitment of subjects with high DBP range was difficult and accounted more screened subjects.

The overall distribution shown in the DBP plot reflected most measurements were below 115 mmHg.

However, the distribution conditions from 49 mmHg to 122 mmHg were fulfilled the requirement of EHS protocol.

Conclusion

The conclusion as to whether the device is accurate for use in the population should be stated. If the results are particularly sensitive to correct use (e.g. most wrist devices) then this caution must be stated.

The device has passed to the criteria of ESH 2010 protocol, it is recommended for clinical and personal use.

Plots

